USDA, SCS Section II-E Technical Guide Area 18

### FOOTHILL SLOPE DESERT GRASSLAND RANGE SITE DESCRIPTION

Land	Resource	Area Trans-Pecos			
Locai	tion				
Date	J	anuary	1,	1972	

1. TOPOGRAPHY AND ELEVATION: This site occurs as gently to moderately sloping fans and terraces of outwash materials at the base of igneous hills and mountains. Slopes range from 1 to 6 percent. Elevations usually range from 3000 to 5000 feet.

# 2. SOILS:

- a. The gravelly and stony loam soils are shallow to moderately deep. They are well drained, slowly to moderately permeable with good plant-soil-air-water relationships. Available water holding capacity is medium and surface runoff is moderate.
- b. Some soil taxonomic units which characterize this site are: Limpia and Mitre soils gently sloping
- c. Specific site location:

### 3. CLIMAX VEGETATION:

a. The climax vegetation is dominated by drought tolerant short and mid grasses of the bunch and stoloniferous types, with mixtures of forbs and occasional woody plants.

### RELATIVE PERCENTAGE

Grasses	80%	Woody	15%	Forbs	5%
Sideoats grama Blue grama	15	Range ratany	5	Bushsunflower Menodora	3
Black grama Bush muhly	25	Whitethorn acacia Catclaw acacia	2	Purple dalea Broom snakeweed Globemallow	2
Tobosa Cane bluestem	15	Mariola Feather dalea Skeletonleaf	5	Perennial bladderpod	
Plains bristlegrass Green sprangletop Arizona cottontop Tanglehead	10	goldeneye Butterflybush Creosotebush Tasajillo		Hairy tubetongue Annual forbs	T
Sand dropseed Slim & Rough tridens Perennial threeawns	5 5 5	Cacti Yucca	3		
Vine-mesquite Hairy grama Ear muhly Annual grasses	T				

- b. With retrogression of the climax plant community, grasses such as slim tridens, threeawns, ear muhly, and fluffgrass become abundant; broom snakeweed and woody plants such as catclaw, whitethorn acacia, creosotebush, tasajillo, and prickly pear tend to dominate the site. This site is not generally suitable for artificial revegetation.
- c. This site in excellent condition produces approximately 1200 pounds air-dry total annual yield per acre in years with favorable growing conditions and about 800 pounds in years with poor growing conditions.
- 4. WILDLIFE NATIVE TO THE SITE: The site is inhabited by deer, antelope, quail and dove. Several of the woody plants, forbs, and grasses which grow on the site provide good cover, browse, and seeds.

### 5. GUIDE TO INITIAL STOCKING RATE:

Condition Class	Climax Vegetation	Ac/AU/Yr.L.	AU/Sec./Yr.L.
Excellent	75-100	29-36	18-22
Good	51-75	26-49	13-18
Fair	26-50	49-80	8-13
Poor	0-25	80-320	2-8

# RELATIVE FORAGE QUALITY OF SPECIES 1/

#### a. Cattle

Low Value Primary Secondary Sideoats grama Tobosa Ear muhly Sand &ropseed Annual grasses Black grama Slim tridens Acacia species Bush muhly Mariola Cane bluestem Tanglehead Skeletonleaf goldeneye Plains bristlegrass Butterflybush Bushsunflower Broom snakeweed Blue grama Annual forbs Perennial threeawns Green sprangletop Hairy grama Vine-mesquite Arizona cottontop Range ratany

### b. Sheep

Prinary	Secondary	Low Value
Butterflybush Bushsunflower Menodora Dalea Perennial bladderpod	Range ratany	Broom snakeweed Creosotebush Most grasses

#### c. Goats

Annual forbs

Primary	Secondary	Low Value
Range ratany Acacia species Mariola Skeletonleaf golder Butterflybush Menodora Dalea species	Annual forbs	Most grasses Creosotebush Broom snakeweed

#### d. Deer

Primary	Secondary	Low Value
Range ratany	Annual forbs	Creosotebush
Acacia species		Broom snakeweed
Menodora		Blue grama
Purple dalea		Tobosa
Globemallow		
Bladderpod		

1/ Definitions of terms and an explanation of interpretations is given on a separate page which is attached or submitted with each group of range site descriptions.

# e. Antelope

Primary Secondary

Bushsunflower Acacia species
Menodora Tobosa

Purple dalea
Blobemallow
Perennial bladderpod
Annual forbs
Butterflybush

Low Value

Broom snakeweed Creosotebush

# f. Quail and Dove

Feather dalea

Primary Seed of:

Secondary Seed of: Low Value Seed of:

Bladderpod Globemallow Menodora Annual forbs

Plains bristlegrass Sand dropseed

Broom snakeweed Tobosa Blue grama Bush muhly